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Alkimos and Soterichos, Secretaries of the *Grapheion* of Herakleia

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§1 A few decades ago, Dieter Hagedorn assembled a dossier of documents from Herakleia drawn up by the γραμματεύς Alkimos (↗ Hagedorn 1984): 83. In addition to a group of three London papyri long known to have been signed by Alkimos (↗ P.Lond. 2 303 = M.Chr. 160, ↗ P.Lond. 2 308, and ↗ P.Lond. 2 311= M.Chr. 237), Hagedorn reread his name in one document (↗ P.Flor. 3 302), identified his distinctive hand in two others (↗ P.Lond. 2 306 = W.Chr. 263 and ↗ P.Ryl. 2 155), and pointed to two further documents dated to his period of activity, which we can now confirm from images are likewise part of the dossier (↗ BGU 1 290 and ↗ P.Stras. 1 13).

§2 The best-preserved document is ↗ P.Lond. 2 308 (13 Sept., 145), which contains a body contract, subscription, and registration, all written in a hand attributable to Alkimos, since he signs with his name and title in the subscription. This document illustrates all the characteristic features of his diplomatic style, the two most visually striking of which are his large, stylized opening epsilon in ἔτους with its “teeth” or loops, two at the bottom in the shape of a mu, and one at the top, and his registration docket, written ἐντέτακ(ται) διὰ τοῦ ἐν Ἡράκλειᾳ γρα(φείου), with the first stroke of the tall, skinny initial epsilon extending well below the line. His hand is otherwise characterized by a slant to the right, emphasized diagonal strokes, including thin and long bellies of alpha, and final upsилons with hooks at the top right.

↗ Fig. 1 British Library Board: Papyrus 308.

§3 These distinctive features allow us to add four further documents to the dossier, including ↗ P.Amh. 2 111, which pushes the beginning of his activity back to 132 CE. ↗ BGU 2 664, previously dated to the first century, can now be placed in the second and assigned to Herakleia. The texts of Alkimos’ dossier are listed below; additions are marked with an asterisk and discussed below.

§4 Alkimos, *grammateus* of the *grapheion* of Herakleia

No.	Text	Date	Attribution ¹
1	↗ SPP 22 46*	ca. 118–151	registr.
2	↗ BGU 2 664*	ca. 132–151	registr.
3	↗ P.Amh. 2 111*	132	ἔτους, registr.
4	↗ P.Ryl. 2 155	138–161	registr.
5	↗ P.Stras. 1 13 (+ inv. 39d*)	138–161	ἔτους
6	↗ P.Lond. 2 303 = M.Chr. 303	142	ἔτους, subscr.
7	↗ P.Mich. inv. 6114b*	145	ἔτους, registr.
8	↗ P.Lond. 2 306= W.Chr. 263	145	ἔτους
9	↗ P.Lond. 2 308	145	ἔτους, subscr., registr.
10	↗ P.Lond. 2 311= M.Chr. 237	149	subscr., registr.
11	↗ BGU 1 290	150	ἔτους
12	↗ P.Flor. 3 302	151	ἔτους, subscr., registr.

§5 ↗ SPP 22 46: the bottom of a return of a loan containing the end of the body contract in Alkimos’ hand, the first party’s subscription in another hand, and the registration again by Alkimos. The verb of registration was read as ἐνδέτακ(ται), but there is smudged ink at the beginning of the line, which I think gave the appearance of delta: the expected ἐντέτακ(ται) should be read instead. The date of the contract is missing, but the original loan was made in the 18th year of the deified Trajan, which places its return in the reign of Hadrian or later. This contract may well be the earliest document in Alkimos’

¹ In addition to his handwriting, the key diplomatic feature(s) of Alkimos’ work that supports the attribution: ᔽτους = Alkimos’ stylized ᔽτους; subscr. = his subscription; registr. = his registration docket.

corpus, but since loans could remain unpaid for many years it might still fall within the known bounds of the scribe's career. A conservative dating places it between 118 and ca. 151.

§6  **BGU 2 664**: this small fragment of a contract was dated to the first century. It contains the last line of the body contract, a good part of the seven-line subscription in another hand, and the first half of the registration. Since the registration is clearly the work of Alkimos, it should be supplemented ἐντέτακται διὰ τοῦ ἐν [Ἡρακλείᾳ γραφείου] and assigned to Herakleia in the period of Alkimos' activity (ca. 132–151).

§7  **P.Amh. 2 111**: the sheet is well preserved, with some damage at the top. The image online is not of great quality, but Alkimos wrote the body contract (note the typical opening epsilon) and the registration (the subscription is in the hand of the acknowledging party himself).

§8  **P.Stras. 1 13** (+ P.Stras. inv. 39d): Hagedorn already suspected the inclusion of this piece in Alkimos' dossier, which the handwriting confirms; the new fragment, identified by Paul Heilporn, contains the telltale opening epsilon of ἔτους.

§9  **P.Mich. inv. 6114b**: this unpublished contract was excavated at Soknopaiou Nesos by the University of Michigan (31-I-112D-P)² and is now located in the Egyptian Museum in Cairo. A photo held in the Michigan Papyrology Collection shows that it belongs to Alkimos' dossier.

§10 In at least five of the above documents (4, 6, 9, 10, and 12) Alkimos not only pens the main contract but also subscribes on behalf of the acknowledging party, from which we learn his name and title. With minor variations in abbreviation, he signs as Ἀλκιμος γραμματεὺς τοῦ προκειμένου γραφείου.³

§11 This formula is found in one other text,  **SPP 22 45** (169 with BL 8 482), also from Herakleia, and the latest attestation of its *grapheion*.⁴ This contract, written all in one hand,⁵ concludes (with minor changes from the ed. pr.): Σωτήριχος γραμματεὺς τοῦ προκειμένου γραφείου ἔγραψα ὑπὲρ αὐτοῦ ἀγραμμάτου. | ἔγραψα διὰ τοῦ ἐν Ἡρακλείᾳ γραφείου. Soterichos had clearly taken on the same role as his predecessor Alkimos. His hand is also found in  **BGU 11 2049**, a contract from Herakleia whose date is lost but which can now be assigned to ca. 169. Here, the first party wrote his own subscription (ll. 16–19), but Soterichos penned the body contract and registration, which should be read as ἔγραψα διὰ τοῦ ἐν [Ἡρακλείᾳ γραφείου]⁶ in comparison with the Vienna text.

§12 From Alkimos' long service in the *grapheion* and the fact that both he and Soterichos wrote registration dockets, one might conclude that they were village notaries,⁷ but their title, γραμματεὺς rather than the usual νομογράφος, is at odds with this idea. Village notaries are known to have had secretaries to assist them: an early case has now been identified in Karanis, where the νομογράφος Sotas alias NN was assisted by his γραμματεὺς (Pete)souchos, who even wrote in his boss' name,⁸ and a contemporary example is found in  **P.Mil.Vogl. 3 145** (142) (with BL 5 72), an offer to lease that concludes: ἔγραψη καὶ εἰκονίσθη διὰ [γραφείου] Τεβτύνεως διά τε Κρονίου γραμματέως. We

² Part of a large group inventoried as P.Mich. inv. 6111–6135, most of which were returned to Egypt and remain unpublished: on these papyri and their archaeological context, see  **Claytor 2020**: 325–327 (N.B. the papyrus published in this article is  **P.Mich. inv. 6134d**, not 613d as printed on pp. 325 and 329).

³ Strictly speaking, the *grapheion* is not previously mentioned in these documents; the phrase is used in reference to ἐν Ἡρακλείᾳ in the opening protocol. The phrase διὰ τοῦ αὐτοῦ γραφείου is frequently used in the same way.

⁴ Shortly after, notarial services would be concentrated in the metropolis:  **Claytor 2020**.

⁵ The writer does switch pens after τεσσαράκοντα in l. 21 due to the bleeding of ink seen in previous lines.

⁶ [ἐντέτακται]ται διὰ τοῦ ἐν Ἡρακλείᾳ γραφείου ed. pr.

⁷ For an overview of the village *grapheion*, see  **Langellotti 2020**.

⁸  **Borrelli and Claytor 2024**.

should therefore conclude that Alkimos and Soterichos were not formally heads of the *grapheion*, although they clearly performed the main duties in the office, possibly on a contractual basis.⁹

§13 A few other later documents from Herakleia's *grapheion* can be commented upon in light of the careers of Alkimos and Soterichos:

§14 ☐ P.Prag. 1 31 (148?) appears to fall within Alkimos' period of activity¹⁰ but is not in his hand.

§15 ☐ P.Prag. 1 32 (157) is dated six years after Alkimos' last known appearance. The contract opens with an epsilon that bears a striking resemblance to those in the dossier, but the contract does not seem to be in Alkimos' hand. This may be a sign that a successor had taken over, perhaps trained by Alkimos himself.

§16 ☐ P.Louvre 2 113 (159) is the next document written in Herakleia's *grapheion* but is not in the hand of Alkimos, Soterichos, or the writers of the previous documents.

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⁹ Cf. ☐ P.Mich. 11 603 (Arsin., 134), a work contract for nine secretaries (*γραμματεῖς*) employed by the *γραμματεῖς μητροπόλεως*.

¹⁰ On the date, see ☐ Cowey et al. 1989: 223.

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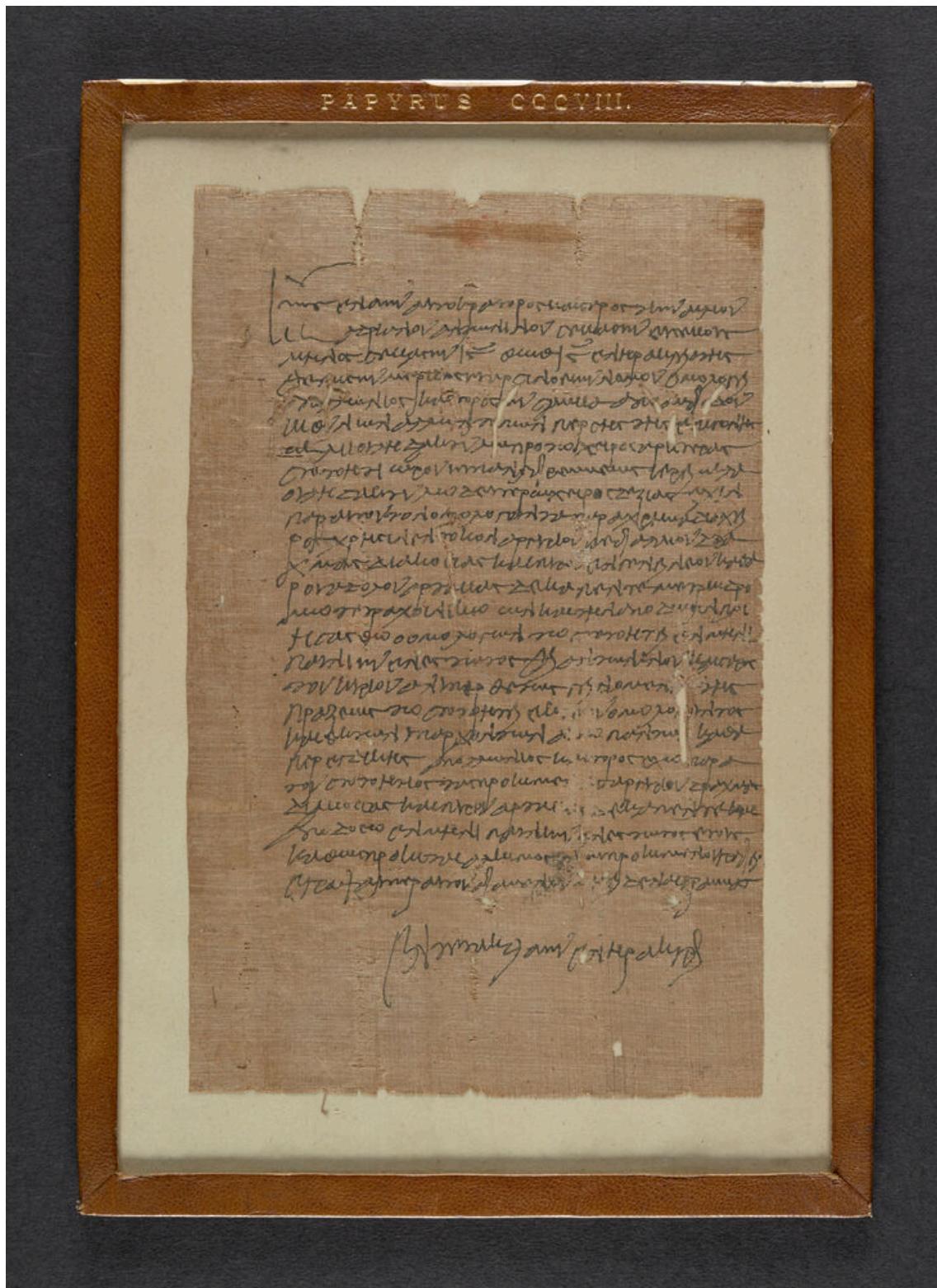


Fig. 1 British Library Board: Papyrus 308.

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